# Hot Tub Troubleshooting Tip Poor Water Quality

## Causes:

**Imbalanced pH levels:** When the pH levels are too high or too low, it can cause the water to become cloudy or dirty.

- Inadequate sanitization: Not using enough sanitizer can lead to bacteria and algae growth.
- Poor filtration: Dirty or old filters can reduce the effectiveness of water circulation and cleaning.
- Contaminants: Body oils, lotions, and environmental debris can all affect water quality.

### **Solutions:**

### Regularly test & adjust water chemistry:

- pH Levels: Ensure the pH is within the ideal range of 7.2-7.8. Use pH increasers or decreasers as necessary
- ☐ **Alkalinity**: Keep total alkalinity between 80-120 ppm to stabilize pH levels.
- Sanitizer Levels: Maintain appropriate levels of chlorine, bromine, or other sanitizers to kill bacteria and algae.

# 2. Clean or replace filters:

- ☐ Cleaning: Rinse the filters with a hose weekly and use a filter cleaner monthly.
- **Replacement:** Replace filters every 12-24 months or as recommended by the manufacturer.

### 3. Use spa shock treatments:

- □ Oxidizing shock: Use non-chlorine shock treatments weekly to eliminate contaminants.
- ☐ Chlorine shock: Use chlorine-based shock treatments occasionally to deep clean the water.

### 4. Minimize contaminants:

- ☐ Shower before use: Encourage users to rinse off body oils & lotions before entering the hot tub.
- ☐ Cover the hot tub: Use a hot tub cover when not in use to prevent debris from entering the water.